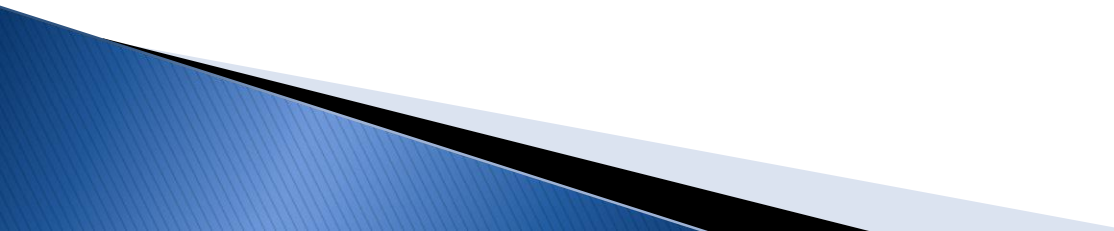


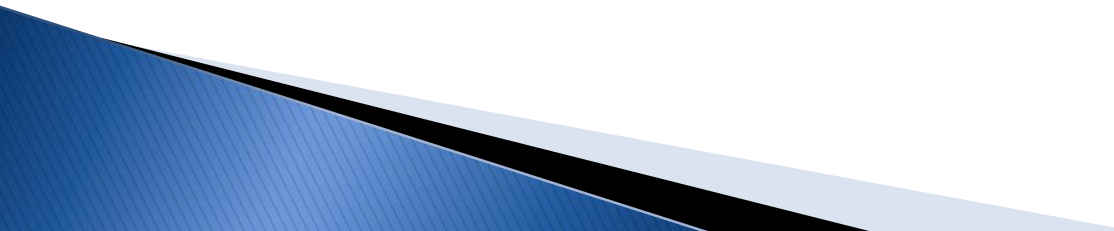
# Risk factors for cigarette smoking initiation among Jordanian adolescents: A longitudinal analysis, 2008–2011

## Theory and preliminary findings

# Background

- ▶ Reduced smoking initiation in many developed nations
  - ▶ Escalation in many developing nations
  - ▶ Investigation of particular risk factors warranted
- 

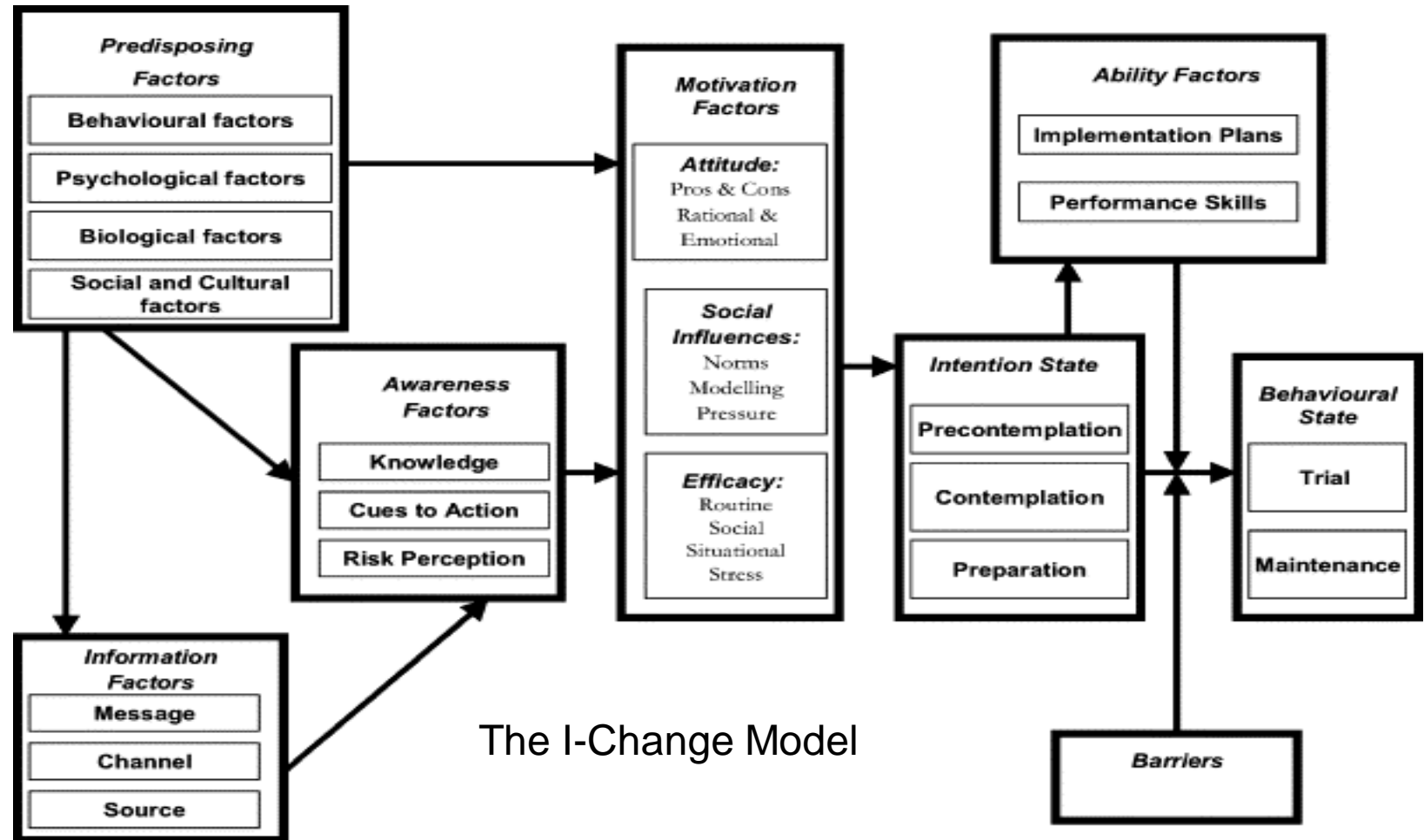
# Objective

- ▶ This study aims to identify risk factors for cigarette smoking initiation among a cohort of Jordanian students 13 years old at baseline (2008).
  - ▶ Important because waterpipe smoking behaviors and beliefs are measured
- 

# Methods

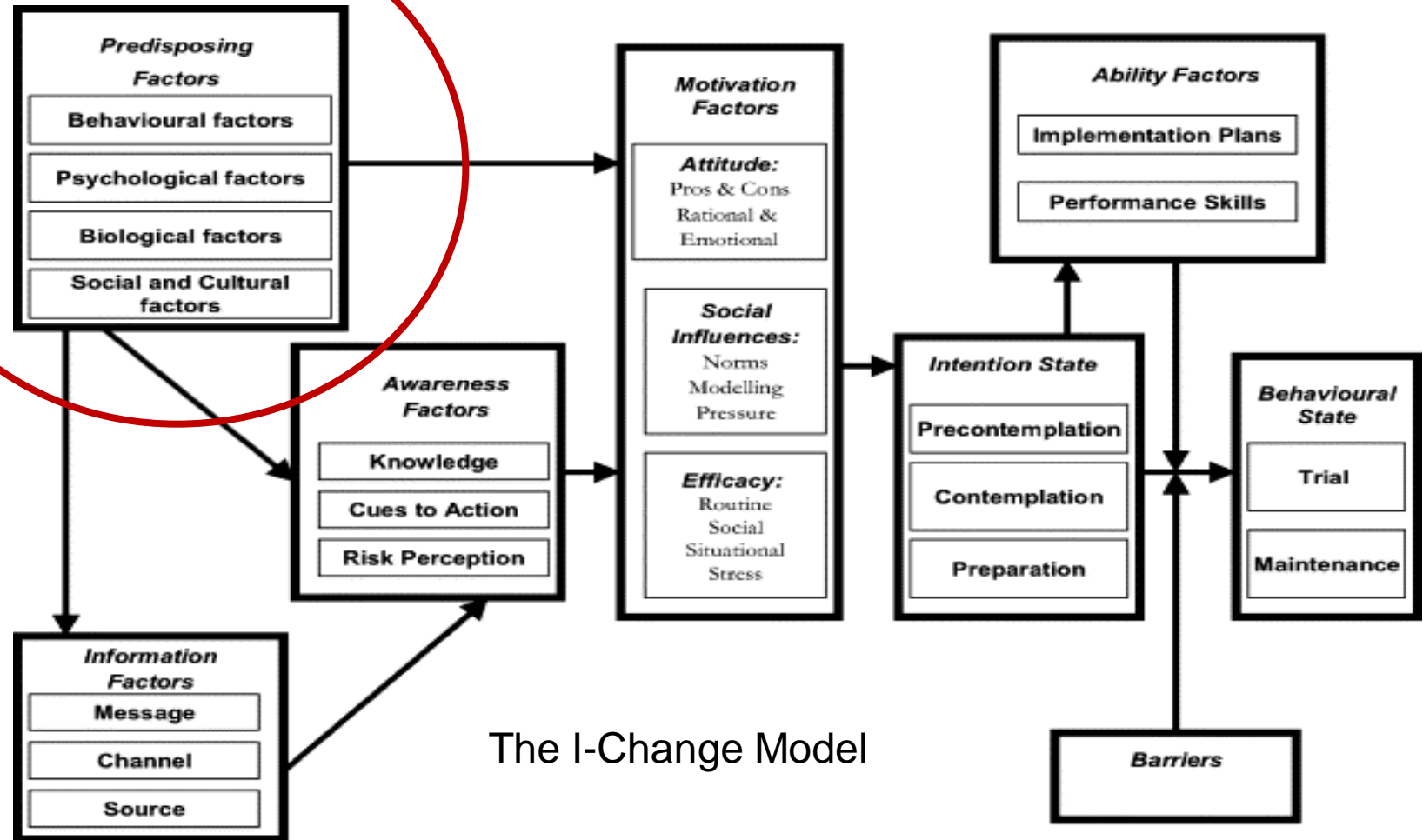
- ▶ School-based longitudinal study in Irbid
- ▶ Cluster random sample of schools chosen with probability proportional to size
- ▶ Schools stratified by male/female/mixed and private/public
- ▶ All 7<sup>th</sup> graders in 19 selected schools (out of 60 total) invited to participate
  - 95% (N=1,781 students) enrolled into the study
- ▶ Participants surveyed annually for 4 years
  - 83% (N=1,482) measured at all 4 time points

# Theoretical Model



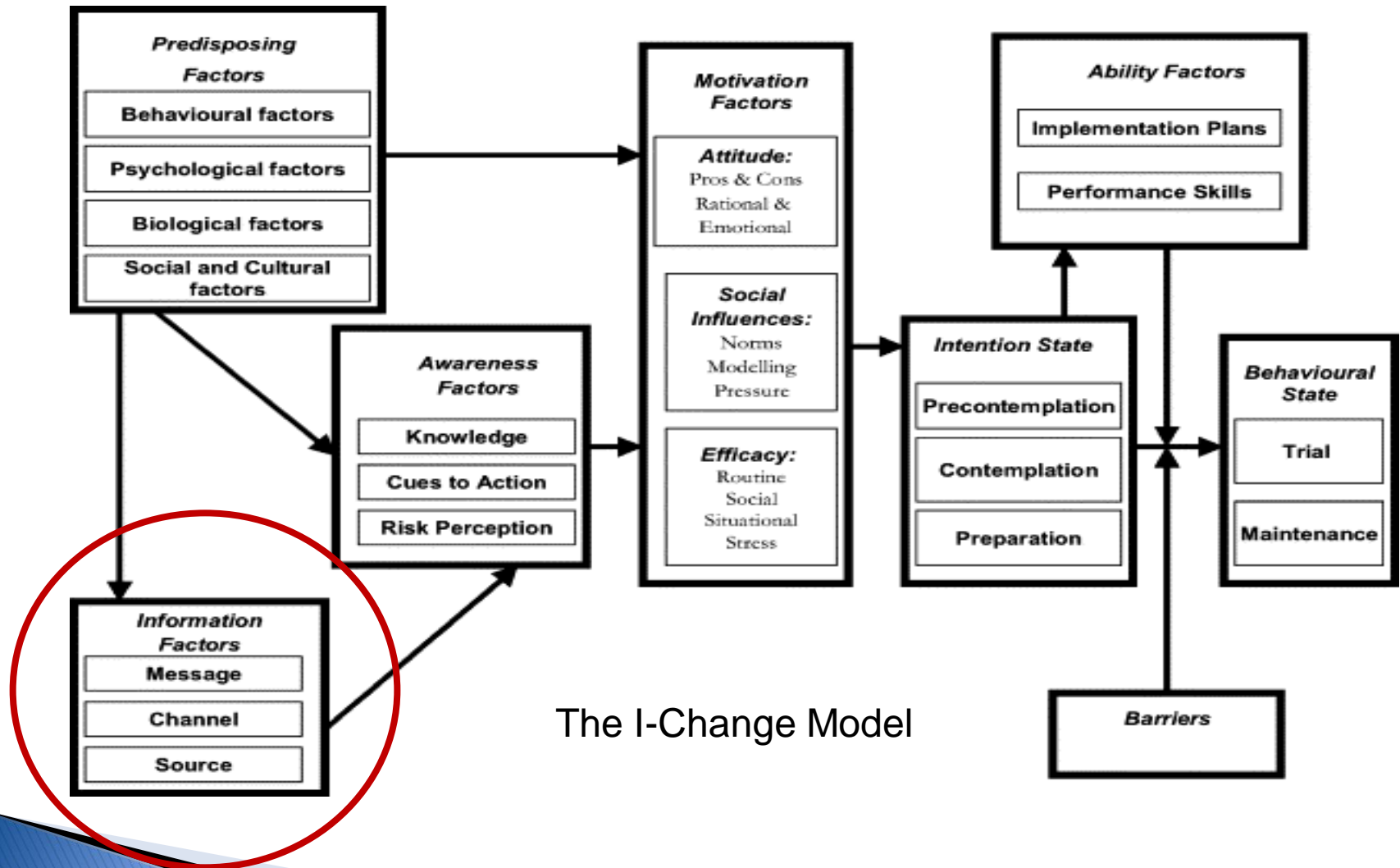
The I-Change Model

# Theoretical Model

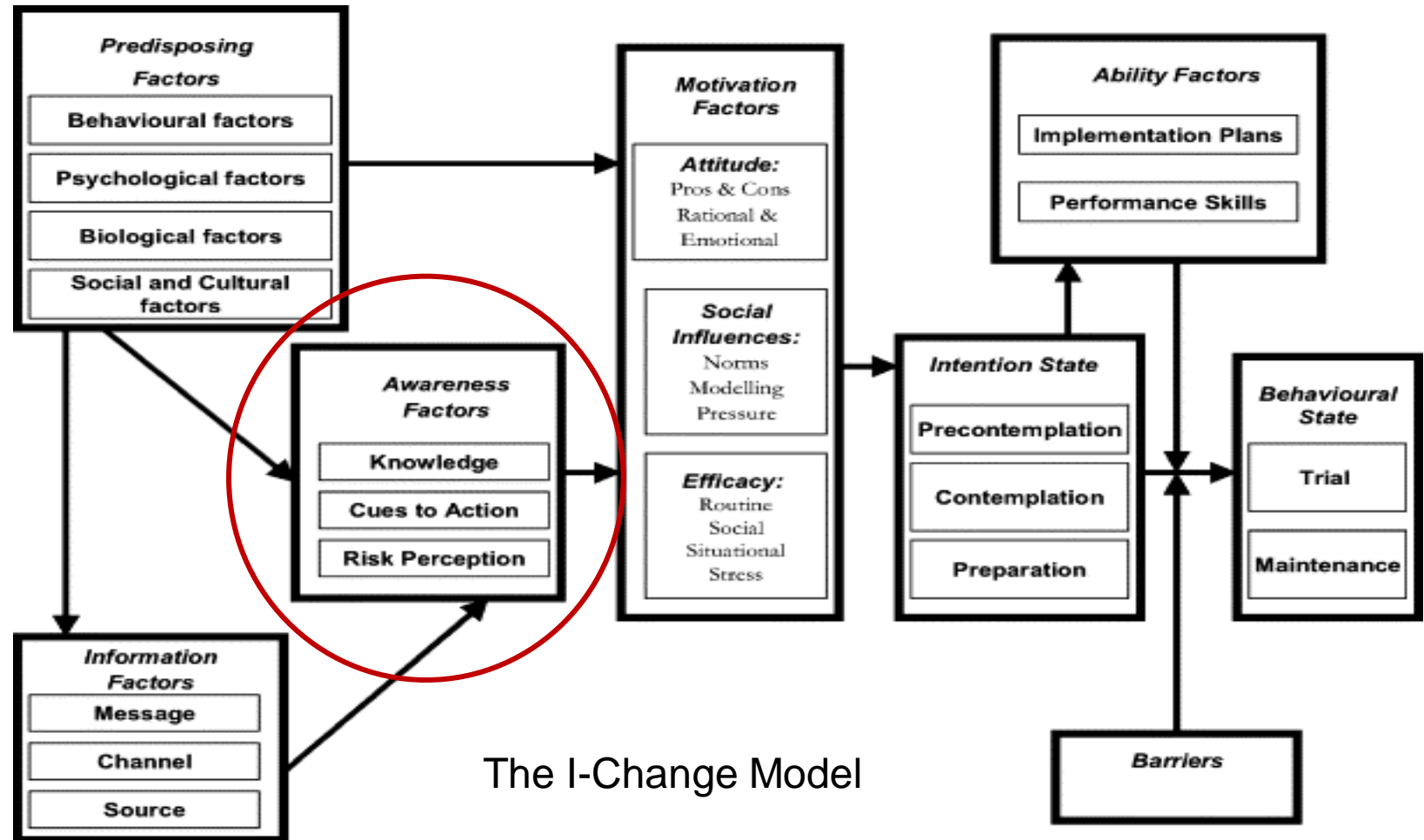


The I-Change Model

# Theoretical Model

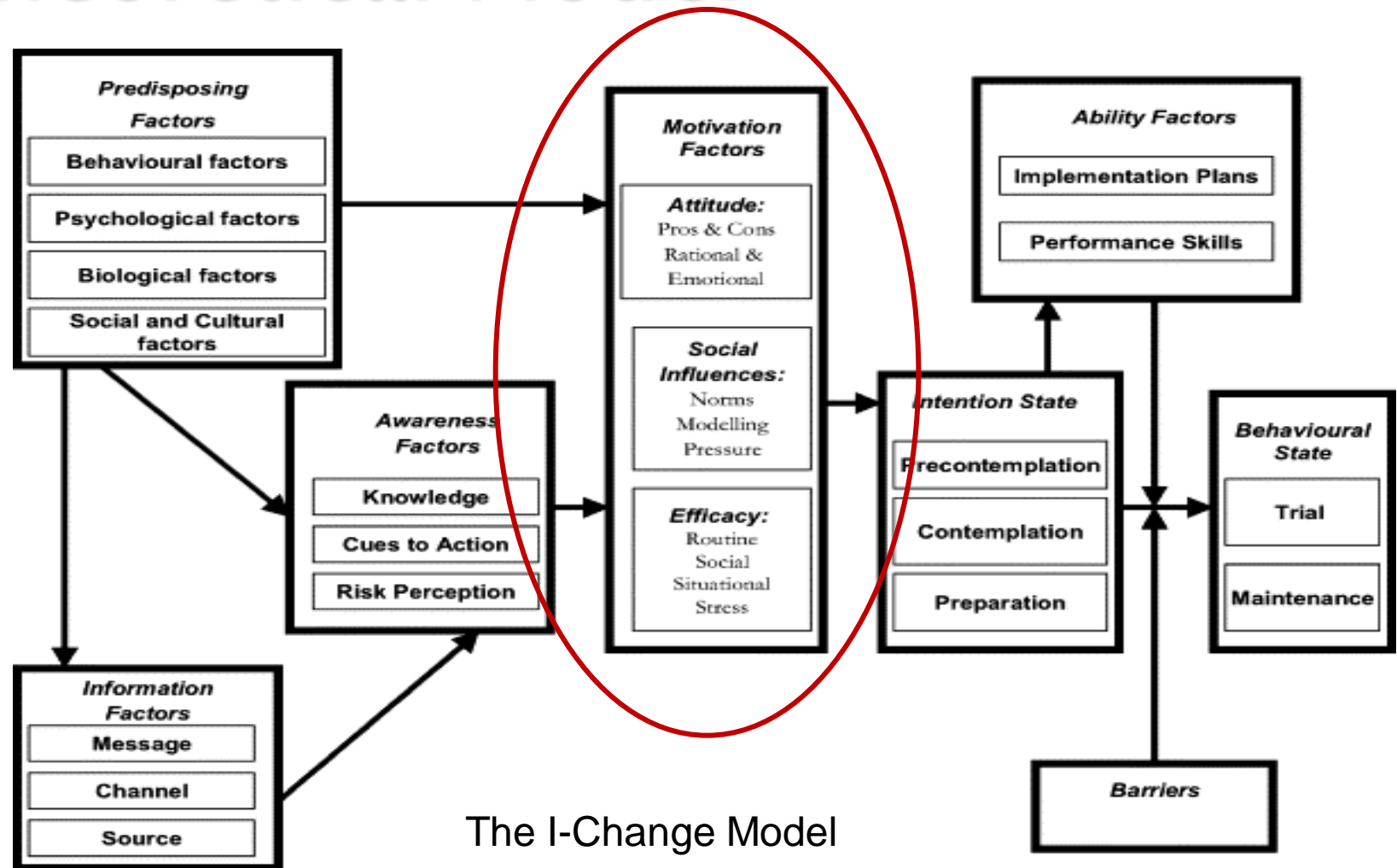


# Theoretical Model



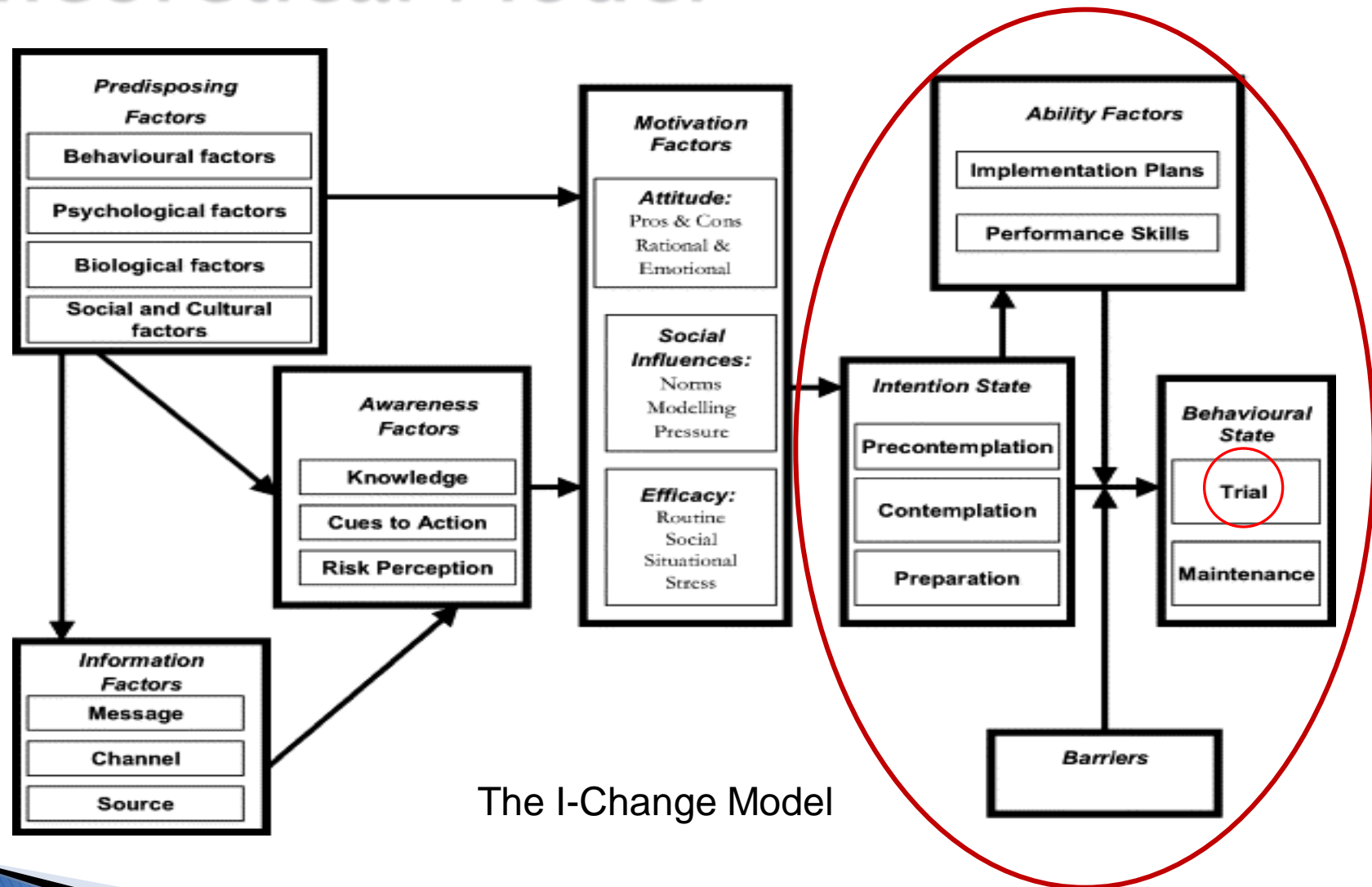


# Theoretical Model



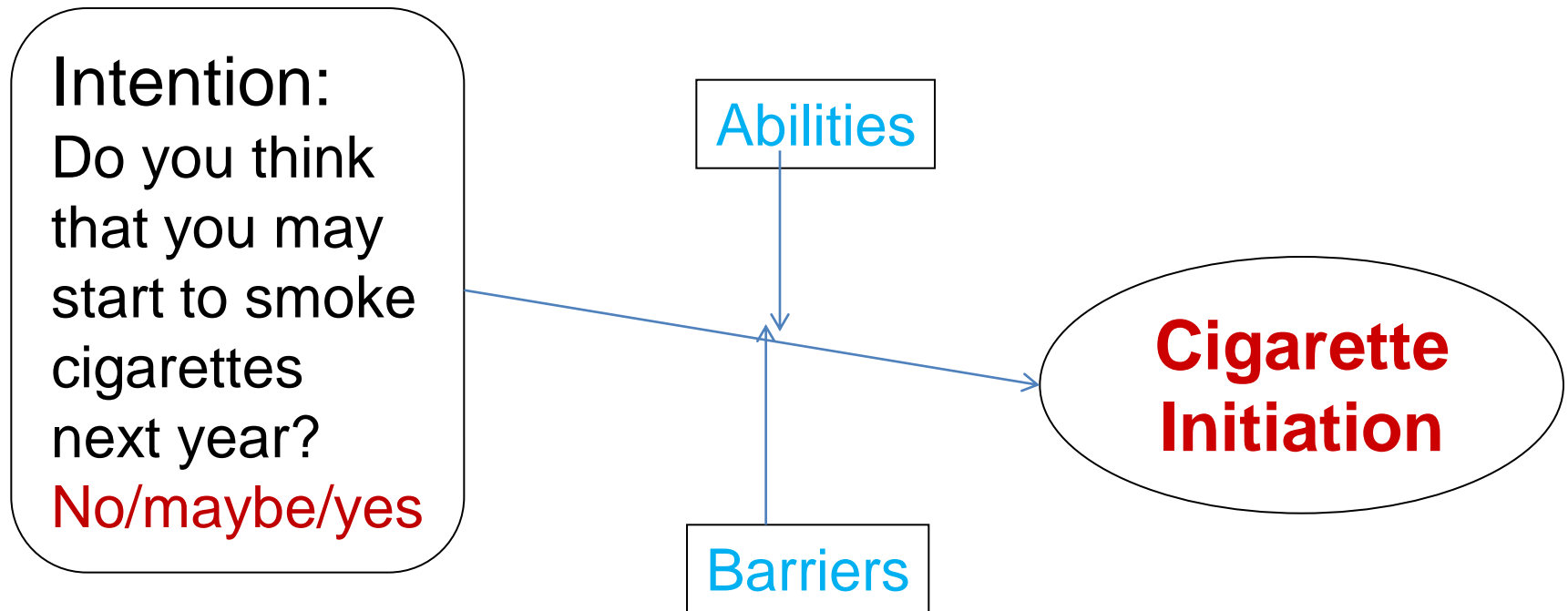
The I-Change Model

# Theoretical Model



# Intention State & Behavior State

## Including abilities and barriers



# Preliminary Analyses / Data Exploration

- ▶ Generalized Estimating Equations (GEE) to produce odds ratios (OR) and 95% confidence intervals (CI) to identify significant risk factors associated univariately with cigarette smoking initiation among cigarette naïve students

# Baseline Characteristics – Cigarette Naïve participants

- ▶ 1,454 non smokers at baseline
  - 82% of sample
  - 784 female (54%)
- ▶ 60% age 13
  - 35% ages 11–12; 5% ages 14–15
- ▶ Average amount of pocket money .25–.50 JD
- ▶ 50% reported no parental smoking
- ▶ 22% reported having smoked waterpipe (even a puff or two)
- ▶ 96% said they would “absolutely not” smoke a cigarette if offered one by a friend.

# Preliminary Results – Initiation

Cigarette initiation among cigarette naïve student age 13 at baseline  
from 2008-2011, Irbid, Jordan

	Initiation at year 1 N(%)	Initiation at year 2 N(%)	Initiation at year 3 N(%)
<b>Girls N</b>	784	713	581
<b>Cigarette Initiated</b>	71(9.1)	72(10.1)	60(9.4)
<b>Boys N</b>	670	572	444
<b>Cigarette Initiated</b>	98(14.6)	128(22.4)	66(14.9)

# Preliminary Results – Predisposing Factors

	Girls		Boys	
Family Size	OR (95% CI)	P value	OR (95% CI)	P value
<8	0.83 (0.59 , 1.15 )	0.2606	1.63 (1.15 , 2.30 )	0.0062
>=8	1.00 (1.00 , 1.00 )	.	1.00 (1.00 , 1.00 )	.
No of rooms				
1-2	0.88 (0.35 , 2.23 )	0.9932	0.86 (0.36 , 2.05 )	0.0103
3-4	1.00 (0.60 , 1.65 )	.	1.95 (1.25 , 3.04 )	.
5-6	0.98 (0.59 , 1.63 )	.	1.77 (1.10 , 2.86 )	.
7 +	1.00 (1.00 , 1.00 )	.	1.00 (1.00 , 1.00 )	.

# Preliminary Results – Information Factors

BOYS media pro	OR (95% CI)	P value
Yes	1.31 (0.95 ,1.79 )	0.0990
No	1.00 (1.00 ,1.00 )	.
Media warning		
Yes	0.89 (0.64 ,1.25 )	0.5101
No	1.00 (1.00 ,1.00 )	.
GIRLS media pro		
Yes	1.12 (0.81 ,1.57 )	0.4902
No	1.00 (1.00 ,1.00 )	.
Media warning		
Yes	0.89 (0.60 ,1.35 )	0.6013
No	1.00 (1.00 ,1.00 )	.



# Preliminary Results – Awareness Factors

	Boys		Girls	
Health belief	OR (95% CI)		OR (95% CI)	
No	0.57 (0.37 ,0.88 )	0.0051	0.67 (0.33 ,1.24 )	0.1496
Yes	1.00 (1.00 ,1.00 )	.	1.00 (1.00 ,1.00 )	.
Dangers				
Yes	0.58 (0.40 ,0.84 )	0.0078	0.66 (0.45 ,0.98)	0.0566
No	1.00 (1.00 ,1.00 )	.	1.00 (1.00 ,1.00 )	.

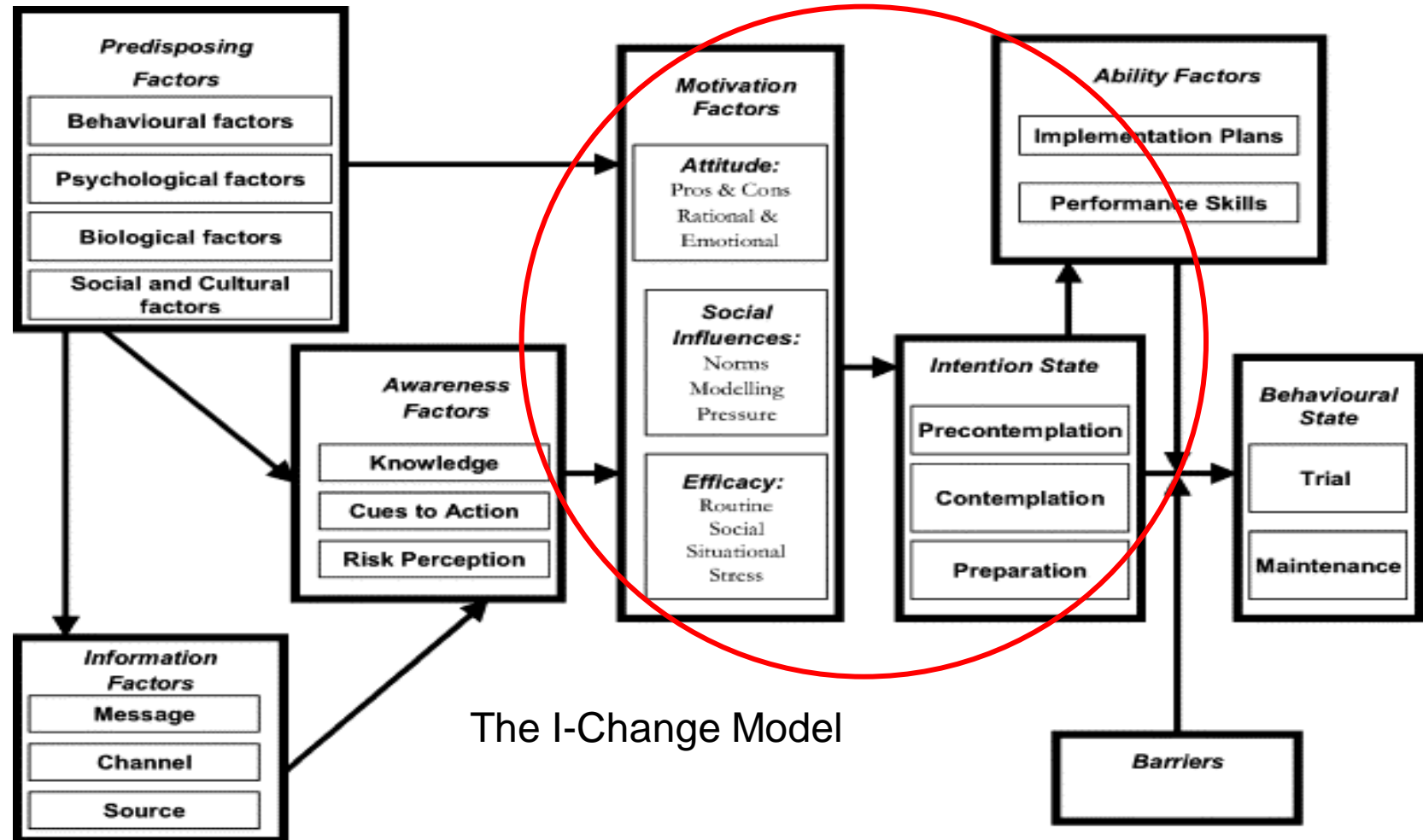
# Preliminary Results – Motivation Factors

Smoke from friends	BOYS		GIRLS	
Absolutely not	0.03 (0.01 ,0.06 )	<.0001	0.08 (0.03 ,0.22 )	<.0001
Maybe	0.45 (0.23 ,0.87 )	.	0.88 (0.31 ,2.48 )	.
Yes, of course	1.00 (1.00 ,1.00 )	.	1.00 (1.00 ,1.00 )	.

# Preliminary Results – Intention State Factors

	Boys		Girls	
Start belief	OR (95% CI)	P value	OR (95% CI)	P value
Absolutely not	0.22 (0.11 ,0.42 )	<.0001	0.38 (0.14 ,1.04 )	0.0021
Maybe	0.45 (0.21 ,0.93 )	.	0.99 (0.33 ,2.93 )	.
Yes, of course	1.00 (1.00 ,1.00 )	.	1.00 (1.00 ,1.00 )	.

# Theoretical Model




# Going forward:

## Structural Equation Modeling

- ▶ Variables to be included in the full model
- ▶ SES (latent)
- ▶ Behavioral/Social norms (latent)
- ▶ Attitudes (latent)
- ▶ Self Efficacy
- ▶ Intention
- ▶ Then do it all over again for waterpipe smoking initiation. 😊

# Summary of preliminary findings

- ▶ Initiation of about 9% each year for girls and 16% each year for boys.
  - ▶ Lower SES associated with initiation for boys.
  - ▶ Media messages appear to not have an impact on cigarette smoking initiation for boys nor girls.
  - ▶ Smoking warnings from family members is protective for both boys and girls.
  - ▶ Self efficacy, behavior modeling and behavioral intention are associated with smoking initiation.
- 

# Acknowledgments

- ▶ This work is supported by the National Institute on Drug Abuse (NIDA) Grants R01 DA024876 and R01 DA035160. Wasim Maziak, Principal Investigator

